

BIOLOGY (THEORY) (CLASS IX) TOTAL MARKS 60 Time:2 Hours

SECTION : A

NOTE: Section A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered. Q:1 CIRCLE THE CORRECT OPTION. EACH PART CARRIES ONE MARK. (TOTAL 30 MARKS)

1-Linnaeus adopted a system of nomenclature called

- a. Dinomial
- b. Monomial
- c. Polynomial
- d. Binomial

2 - Which of the following kingdoms was not proposed by Whittaker in the five kingdom classification.

- a. Fungi
- b. Monera
- c. Protista
- d. Viruses

3 During Metaphase of Mitosis, the chromosomes,

- a. Break and disintegrate
- b. Undergo coiling
- c. Arrange at equator
- d. gets divided

4 During Cell divison, the nuclear membrane appears in

- a. Metaphase
- b. Telophase
- c. Anaphase
- d. Prophase

5 – The meiotic divison takes place in

- a. Conductive cells
- b. Vegetative cells
- c. Reproductive cells
- d. Meristematic cells.

6—Event which doesnot occur in meiosis

- a. separation of sister chromatids
- b. segregation of homologous chromosomes
- c. chiasmata formation and crossing over
- d. One division without any replication

7- The special enzymes are released during necrosis

- a. lysosomes
- b. vacuoles
- c.cytoplasm
- d.Golgi bodies
- 8-The apoptosis is classified as
 - a. programmed cell death
 - b. non-programmed cell death
 - c. accidental cell death
 - d. mitotic cell death

9-Pancreatic juice contains all except

- a. Trypsin
- b. Lipase
- c. Renin
- d. Lipase

- 10- The movement of food from oesophagus to anus is called
 - a. Antiperistalsis
 - b. Peristalsis
 - c. Mechanical digestion
 - d. Ingestion

11-The mode of nutrition in which one organism obtains nutrition from other organisms is known as

- (a) symbiosis
- (b) autotrophic nutrition
- (c) saprophytic nutrition
- (d) heterotrophic nutrition

12- Following are the types of teeth present in human oral cavity, except,

- a. Canine
- b. Molars
- c. Incisors
- d. Dentine

13- The rate of transpiration will ______ if the atmospheric pressure is low

- a. Increase
- b. Decrease
- c. Stay unchanged
- d. Can't be determined

14-The main function of guard cells is to help with _

- e. Transpiration
- f. Guttation
- g. Transcription
- h. None of the above

15-The movement of materials from the leaves to other tissues of the plant is called ______

- a. Tropic movement
- b. Guttation
- c. Transpiration
- d. Translocation

16- the deoxygenated blood is collected from all the organs by

- a. Arteries
- b. Veins
- c. Nerves
- d. Lymph nodes

17- The hereditary disorder in which the blood fails to clot is

a-Anaemia

b. Angina

- c. Haemophilia
- d. tetanus

18- The "Power house" of cell is

- A: Cytoplasm
- B: Mitochondria
- C: Golgi Bodies
- D: Non of these

19- Which of the following organelle is not present in an animal cell?

- a. Ribosome
- b. Plastid
- c. Mitochondrial
- d. Nucleus
- 20-. Plastid that is colourless is
- a. Chromoplast
- b. Leucoplast
- c. Chloroplast
- d. Lysosome

21-The infoldings of the inner membrane of mitochondria are known as

- a. Stroma
- b. Grana
- c. Cristae
- d. Oxysome

22- The membrane that surrounds the vacuole is

a. Tonoplast

- b. Plasma membrane
- c. Cell wall
- d. Nuclear membrane

23. In the bodies of complex animals, the contractile tissue is

- (a) Neural
- (b) Muscular
- (c) Connective
- (d) Epithelium
- 24- Which of the following is not a simple tissue
 - a. Parenchyma
 - b. Sclerenchyma
 - c. Collenchyma
 - d. Xylem

25- The tissue providing maximum mechanical strength to the plant is

- a. Phloem
- b. Xylem
- c. Parenchyma
- d. Collenchyma

26- When hypothesis is tested by repeated experiments and is not proved wrong then it becomes_____.

- a. Scientific law
- b. Theory
- c. Experiment
- d. All of the above

27- How the hypothesis can be tested?

- a. By development of theory
- b. By scientific laws
- c. By performing experiments
- d. Conduct seminars

28-Al Farabi was the writer of?

- A. Al-Qanoon
- B. Al-Haywan
- C. Kitab\-i\-Nabatatd
- D. Al-Nabatat
- 29- In animals the product of anaerobic respiration is:?
- A. Lactic acid
- B. Pyruvic acid
- C. Uracil
- D. Uric acid
- 30- Aerobic respiration occurs in the presence of?
- A. Oxygen
- B. Hydrogen
- C. Nitrogen
- D. Carbon dioxide

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SECTION : B (SHORT QUESTION ANSWERS) (18)

Q-2 Attempt any 6 questions. All questions carry 3 marks.

- 1- Explain the Factors affecting the rate of transpiration
- 2- Write five differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell.
- 3- Write a short note on any one of the following
 - A. Blood disorders
 - B. Pulmonary circuit
 - C. Systemic circuit
- 4- Write a short note on Plant tissues.
- 5- Explain Cellular respiration and it's types.
- 6- Define biology and mention it's 6 branches.
- 7- Write a short note on any one of the following
 - A. Nucleus
 - B. Plastid
 - C. Endoplasmic reticulum
 - D. Cell membrane
- 8- Define Taxonomy and the basis of classification of organisms
- 9- What is biological method? Mention it's steps.
- 10- Write a note on the role of small intestine in digestion in man

Section : C (12 marks)

Q-3 Attempt any 2 Questions. (All Questions carry 6 marks)

1 What is mitosis? Explain different stages of mitosis

- 2 What is Heterotrophic nutrition, Name It's types with examples.
- **3** Explain the structure of human heart with the help of labeled diagram
- 4 What are enzymes? Mention factors affecting enzymatic activity.

